112TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 940

To establish standards for covered bond programs and a covered bond regulatory oversight program, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 8, 2011

Mr. Garrett (for himself and Mrs. Maloney) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish standards for covered bond programs and a covered bond regulatory oversight program, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "United States Covered
- 5 Bond Act of 2011".
- 6 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
- 7 For purposes of this Act, the following definitions
- 8 shall apply:

1	(1) Ancillary Asset.—The term "ancillary
2	asset'' means—
3	(A) any interest rate or currency swap as-
4	sociated with 1 or more eligible assets, sub-
5	stitute assets, or other assets in a cover pool;
6	(B) any credit enhancement or liquidity ar-
7	rangement associated with 1 or more eligible
8	assets, substitute assets, or other assets in a
9	cover pool;
10	(C) any guarantee, letter-of-credit right, or
11	other secondary obligation that supports any
12	payment or performance of 1 or more eligible
13	assets, substitute assets, or other assets in a
14	cover pool; and
15	(D) any proceeds of, or other property in-
16	cident to, 1 or more eligible assets, substitute
17	assets, or other assets in a cover pool.
18	(2) Corporation.—The term "Corporation"
19	means the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.
20	(3) COVER POOL.—The term "cover pool"
21	means a dynamic pool of assets that is comprised
22	of—
23	(A) in the case of any eligible issuer de-
24	scribed in subparagraph (A), (B), or (C) of
25	paragraph (9)—

1	(i) 1 or more eligible assets from a
2	single eligible asset class; and
3	(ii) 1 or more substitute assets or an-
4	cillary assets; and
5	(B) in the case of any eligible issuer de-
6	scribed in paragraph (9)(D)—
7	(i) the covered bonds issued by each
8	sponsoring eligible issuer; and
9	(ii) 1 or more substitute assets or an-
10	cillary assets.
11	(4) COVERED BOND.—The term "covered
12	bond" means any recourse debt obligation of an eli-
13	gible issuer that—
14	(A) has an original term to maturity of not
15	less than 1 year;
16	(B) is secured by a perfected security in-
17	terest in or other lien on a cover pool that is
18	owned directly or indirectly by the issuer of the
19	obligation;
20	(C) is issued under a covered bond pro-
21	gram that has been approved by the applicable
22	covered bond regulator;
23	(D) is identified in a register of covered
24	bonds that is maintained by the Secretary; and

1	(E) is not a deposit (as defined in section
2	3(l) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
3	U.S.C. 1813(l))).
4	(5) COVERED BOND PROGRAM.—The term
5	"covered bond program" means any program of an
6	eligible issuer under which, on the security of a sin-
7	gle cover pool, 1 or more series or tranches of cov-
8	ered bonds may be issued.
9	(6) COVERED BOND REGULATOR.—The term
10	"covered bond regulator" means—
11	(A) the appropriate Federal banking agen-
12	cy (as defined in section 3(q) of the Federal
13	Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1813(q)));
14	and
15	(B) for any eligible issuer that is not sub-
16	ject to the jurisdiction of an appropriate Fed-
17	eral banking agency, the Secretary.
18	(7) Eligible Asset.—The term "eligible
19	asset" means—
20	(A) in the case of the residential mortgage
21	asset class—
22	(i) any first-lien mortgage loan that is
23	secured by 1-to-4 family residential prop-
24	erty and that is in compliance with any
25	rule or supervisory guidance of a Federal

1	agency applicable to the loan at the time of
2	loan origination;
3	(ii) any mortgage loan that is insured
4	under the National Housing Act (12
5	U.S.C. 1701 et seq.) and that is in compli-
6	ance with any rule or supervisory guidance
7	of a Federal agency applicable to the loan
8	at the time of loan origination; and
9	(iii) any loan that is guaranteed, in-
10	sured, or made under chapter 37 of title
11	38, United States Code, and that is in
12	compliance with any rule or supervisory
13	guidance of a Federal agency applicable to
14	the loan at the time of loan origination;
15	(B) in the case of the home equity asset
16	class, any home equity loan that is secured by
17	1-to-4 family residential property and that is in
18	compliance with any rule or supervisory guid-
19	ance of a Federal agency applicable to the loan
20	at the time of loan origination;
21	(C) in the case of the commercial mortgage
22	asset class, any commercial mortgage loan (in-
23	cluding any multifamily mortgage loan) that is
24	in compliance with any rule or supervisory guid-

1	ance of a Federal agency applicable to the loan
2	at the time of loan origination;
3	(D) in the case of the public sector asset
4	class—
5	(i) any security issued by a State, mu-
6	nicipality, or other governmental authority;
7	(ii) any loan made to a State, munici-
8	pality, or other governmental authority;
9	and
10	(iii) any loan, security, or other obli-
11	gation that is insured or guaranteed, in
12	full or substantially in full, by the full faith
13	and credit of the United States Govern-
14	ment (whether or not such loan, security,
15	or other obligation is also part of another
16	eligible asset class);
17	(E) in the case of the auto asset class, any
18	auto loan or lease that is in compliance with
19	any rule or supervisory guidance of a Federal
20	agency applicable to the loan or lease at the
21	time of loan or lease origination;
22	(F) in the case of the student loan asset
23	class, any student loan (whether guaranteed or
24	nonguaranteed) that is in compliance with any
25	rule or supervisory guidance of a Federal agen-

1	cy applicable to the loan at the time of loan
2	origination;
3	(G) in the case of the credit or charge card
4	asset class, any extension of credit to a person
5	under an open-end credit plan that is in compli-
6	ance with any rule or supervisory guidance of a
7	Federal agency applicable to the extension of
8	credit at the time the extension is made;
9	(H) in the case of the small business asset
10	class, any loan that is made or guaranteed
11	under a program of the Small Business Admin-
12	istration and that is in compliance with any
13	rule or supervisory guidance of a Federal agen-
14	cy applicable to the loan at the time of loan
15	origination; and
16	(I) in the case of any other eligible asset
17	class, any asset designated by the Secretary, by
18	rule and in consultation with the covered bond
19	regulators, as an eligible asset for purposes of
20	such class.
21	(8) Eligible asset class.—The term "eligi-
22	ble asset class" means—
23	(A) a residential mortgage asset class;
24	(B) a home equity asset class;
25	(C) a commercial mortgage asset class;

1	(D) a public sector asset class;
2	(E) an auto asset class;
3	(F) a student loan asset class;
4	(G) a credit or charge card asset class;
5	(H) a small business asset class; and
6	(I) any other eligible asset class designated
7	by the Secretary, by rule and in consultation
8	with the covered bond regulators.
9	(9) Eligible issuer.—The term "eligible
10	issuer" means—
11	(A) any insured depository institution and
12	any subsidiary of such institution;
13	(B) any bank holding company, any sav-
14	ings and loan holding company, and any sub-
15	sidiary of either of such companies;
16	(C) any nonbank financial company (as de-
17	fined in section 102(a)(4) of the Dodd-Frank
18	Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection
19	Act $(12 \text{ U.S.C. } 5311(a)(4)))$ that is approved as
20	an eligible issuer by the applicable covered bond
21	regulator and any subsidiary of such company;
22	and
23	(D) any issuer that is sponsored by 1 or
24	more eligible issuers for the sole purpose of
25	issuing covered bonds on a pooled basis.

- 1 (10) Oversight program.—The term "oversight program" means the covered bond regulatory oversight program established under section 3(a).
 - (11) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Department of the Treasury.
 - (12) Substitute Asset.—The term "substitute asset" means—
 - (A) cash;

- (B) any direct obligation of the United States Government, and any security or other obligation whose full principal and interest are insured or guaranteed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government;
- (C) any direct obligation of a United States Government corporation or Government-sponsored enterprise of the highest credit quality, and any other security or other obligation of the highest credit quality whose full principal and interest are insured or guaranteed by such corporation or enterprise, except that the outstanding principal amount of these obligations in any cover pool may not exceed an amount equal to 20 percent of the outstanding principal amount of all assets in the cover pool without

1	the approval of the applicable covered bond reg-
2	ulator;
3	(D) any overnight investment in Federal
4	funds;
5	(E) any other substitute asset designated
6	by the Secretary, by rule and in consultation
7	with the covered bond regulators; and
8	(F) any deposit account or securities ac-
9	count into which only an asset described in sub-
10	paragraph (A), (B), (C), (D), or (E) may be de-
11	posited or credited.
12	SEC. 3. REGULATORY OVERSIGHT OF COVERED BOND PRO-
13	GRAMS ESTABLISHED.
13 14	GRAMS ESTABLISHED. (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—
14	(a) Establishment.—
14 15	(a) Establishment.— (1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
14 15 16	(a) Establishment.— (1) In general.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Sec-
14 15 16 17	(a) Establishment.— (1) In general.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, by rule and in consultation with the
14 15 16 17	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, by rule and in consultation with the covered bond regulators, establish a covered bond
14 15 16 17 18	(a) Establishment.— (1) In general.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, by rule and in consultation with the covered bond regulators, establish a covered bond regulatory oversight program that provides for—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, by rule and in consultation with the covered bond regulators, establish a covered bond regulatory oversight program that provides for— (A) covered bond programs to be evaluated
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Establishment.— (1) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall, by rule and in consultation with the covered bond regulators, establish a covered bond regulatory oversight program that provides for— (A) covered bond programs to be evaluated according to reasonable and objective standards

1	appropriate by the Secretary to further the pur-
2	poses of this Act;
3	(B) covered bond programs to be main-
4	tained in a manner that is consistent with this
5	Act and safe and sound asset-liability manage-
6	ment and other financial practices; and
7	(C) any estate created under section 4 to
8	be administered in a manner that is consistent
9	with maximizing the value and the proceeds of
10	the related cover pool in a resolution under this
11	Act.
12	(2) Approval of each covered bond pro-
13	GRAM.—
13 14	GRAM.— (A) IN GENERAL.—A covered bond shall be
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—A covered bond shall be
14 15	(A) In general.—A covered bond shall be subject to this Act only if the covered bond is
14 15 16	(A) In general.—A covered bond shall be subject to this Act only if the covered bond is issued by an eligible issuer under a covered
14 15 16 17	(A) In general.—A covered bond shall be subject to this Act only if the covered bond is issued by an eligible issuer under a covered bond program that is approved by the applica-
14 15 16 17 18	(A) In general.—A covered bond shall be subject to this Act only if the covered bond is issued by an eligible issuer under a covered bond program that is approved by the applicable covered bond regulator.
14 15 16 17 18	 (A) In general.—A covered bond shall be subject to this Act only if the covered bond is issued by an eligible issuer under a covered bond program that is approved by the applicable covered bond regulator. (B) Approval process.—Each covered
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (A) IN GENERAL.—A covered bond shall be subject to this Act only if the covered bond is issued by an eligible issuer under a covered bond program that is approved by the applicable covered bond regulator. (B) APPROVAL PROCESS.—Each covered bond regulator shall apply the standards estab-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (A) In General.—A covered bond shall be subject to this Act only if the covered bond is issued by an eligible issuer under a covered bond program that is approved by the applicable covered bond regulator. (B) Approval process.—Each covered bond regulator shall apply the standards established by the Secretary under the oversight pro-

after approving a covered bond program, shall

provide the Secretary with the name of the covered bond program, the name of the eligible issuer, and all other information reasonably requested by the Secretary in order to update the registry under paragraph (3)(A). Each eligible issuer, promptly after issuing a covered bond under an approved covered bond program, shall provide the Secretary with all information reasonably requested by the Secretary in order to update the registry under paragraph (3)(B).

- (C) Existing covered bond proposed a covered bond program that is in existence on the date of the enactment of this Act. Upon such approval, each covered bond under the covered bond program shall be subject to this Act, regardless of when the covered bond was issued.
- (D) MULTIPLE COVERED BOND PROGRAMS PERMITTED.—An eligible issuer may have more than 1 covered bond program.
- (3) REGISTRY.—Under the oversight program, the Secretary shall maintain a registry that is published on a Web site available to the public and that,

- for each covered bond program approved by a covered bond regulator, contains—
 - (A) the name of the covered bond program, the name of the eligible issuer, and all other information that the Secretary considers necessary to adequately identify the covered bond program and the eligible issuer; and
 - (B) all information that the Secretary considers necessary to adequately identify all outstanding covered bonds issued under the covered bond program (including the reports described in paragraphs (3) and (4) of subsection (b)).
 - (4) FEES.—Each covered bond regulator may levy, on the issuers of covered bonds under the primary supervision of such covered bond regulator, reasonably apportioned fees that such covered bond regulator considers necessary, in the aggregate, to defray the costs of such covered bond regulator carrying out the provisions of this Act. Such funds shall not be construed to be Government funds or appropriated monies and shall not be subject to apportionment for purposes of chapter 15 of title 31, United States Code, or any other provision of law.

1	(b) Minimum Over-Collateralization Require-
2	MENTS.—
3	(1) Requirements established.—
4	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, by rule
5	and in consultation with the covered bond regu-
6	lators, shall establish minimum over-collaterali-
7	zation requirements for covered bonds backed
8	by each of the eligible asset classes. The min-
9	imum over-collateralization requirements shal
10	be designed to ensure that sufficient eligible as-
11	sets and substitute assets are maintained in the
12	cover pool to satisfy all principal and interest
13	payments on the covered bonds when due
14	through maturity and shall be based on the
15	credit, collection, and interest rate risks (ex-
16	cluding the liquidity risks) associated with the
17	eligible asset class.
18	(B) RELIANCE ON OTHER OVER
19	COLLATERALIZATION STANDARDS.—In estab-
20	lishing the minimum over-collateralization re-
21	quirements, the Secretary may rely on over-
22	collateralization levels that are required for the
23	same or similar asset classes by—
24	(i) any Federal reserve bank when ex-
25	tending credit to depository institutions

1	under the Federal Reserve Act (12 U.S.C.
2	221 et seq.);
3	(ii) any Federal home loan bank when
4	extending credit to member institutions
5	under the Federal Home Loan Bank Act
6	(12 U.S.C. 1421 et seq.); or
7	(iii) any other comparable lender
8	when extending credit in substantially
9	similar transactions.
10	(2) Asset coverage test.—The eligible as-
11	sets and the substitute assets in any cover pool shall
12	be required, in the aggregate, to meet at all times
13	the applicable minimum over-collateralization re-
14	quirements.
15	(3) Monthly reporting.—On a monthly
16	basis, each issuer of covered bonds shall submit a re-
17	port on whether the cover pool that secures the cov-
18	ered bonds meets the applicable minimum over-
19	collateralization requirements to—
20	(A) the Secretary;
21	(B) the applicable covered bond regulator;
22	(C) the applicable indenture trustee;
23	(D) the applicable covered bondholders;
24	and

1	(E) the applicable independent asset mon
2	itor.
3	(4) Independent asset monitor.—
4	(A) Appointment.—Each issuer of cov
5	ered bonds shall appoint the indenture trustee
6	for the covered bonds, or another unaffiliated
7	entity, as an independent asset monitor for the
8	applicable cover pool.
9	(B) Duties.—An independent asset mon
10	itor appointed under subparagraph (A) shall, or
11	an annual or other more frequent periodic basis
12	determined by the Secretary under the over
13	sight program—
14	(i) verify whether the cover pool meets
15	the applicable minimum over-collateraliza
16	tion requirements; and
17	(ii) report to the Secretary, the appli
18	cable covered bond regulator, the applica
19	ble indenture trustee, and the applicable
20	covered bondholders on whether the cover
21	pool meets the applicable minimum over
22	collateralization requirements.
23	(5) No loss of status.—Covered bonds shall
24	remain subject to this Act regardless of whether the

applicable cover pool ceases to meet the applicable
 minimum over-collateralization requirements.

(6) Failure to meet requirements.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—If a cover pool fails to meet the applicable minimum over-collateralization requirements, and if the failure is not cured within the time specified in the related transaction documents, the failure shall be an uncured default for purposes of section 4(a).
- (B) Notice Required.—An issuer of covered bonds shall promptly give the Secretary and the applicable covered bond regulator written notice if the cover pool securing the covered bonds fails to meet the applicable minimum over-collateralization requirements, if the failure is cured within the time specified in the related transaction documents, or if the failure is not so cured.

(c) REQUIREMENTS FOR ELIGIBLE ASSETS.—

- (1) Loans.—A loan shall not qualify as an eligible asset for so long as the loan is delinquent for more than 60 consecutive days.
- (2) Securities.—A security shall not qualify as an eligible asset for so long as the security does

- not meet any credit-quality requirement under this
 Act.
 - (3) No double plede.—An asset shall not qualify as an eligible asset for so long as the asset is subject to a prior perfected security interest or other lien that has been granted in an unrelated transaction. Nothing in this Act shall affect such a prior perfected security interest or other lien.
 - (4) SINGLE ELIGIBLE ASSET CLASS.—No cover pool may include eligible assets from more than 1 eligible asset class.

(d) Other Requirements.—

- (1) Books and records of issuer.—Each issuer of covered bonds shall clearly mark its books and records to identify the assets that comprise the cover pool securing the covered bonds.
- (2) SCHEDULE OF ELIGIBLE ASSETS AND SUB-STITUTE ASSETS.—Each issuer of covered bonds shall deliver to the applicable indenture trustee and the applicable independent asset monitor, on at least a monthly basis, a schedule that identifies all eligible assets and substitute assets in the cover pool securing the covered bonds.

1 SEC. 4. RESOLUTION UPON DEFAULT OR INSOLVENCY.

- 2 (a) Uncured Default Defined.—For purposes of
- 3 this section, the term "uncured default" means a default
- 4 on a covered bond that has not been cured within the time,
- 5 if any, specified in the related transaction documents.
- 6 (b) Default on Covered Bonds Prior to Con-
- 7 SERVATORSHIP, RECEIVERSHIP, LIQUIDATION, OR BANK-
- 8 RUPTCY.—
- 9 (1) Creation of Separate estate.—If an 10 uncured default occurs on a covered bond before the 11 issuer of the covered bond enters conservatorship, 12 receivership, liquidation, or bankruptcy, an estate 13 shall be immediately and automatically created by 14 operation of law and shall exist and be administered 15 separate and apart from the issuer or any subse-16 quent conservatorship, receivership, liquidating agen-17 cy, or estate in bankruptcy for the issuer or any 18 other assets of the issuer. A separate estate shall be
 - (2) Assets and Liabilities of estate.—Any estate created under paragraph (1) shall be comprised of the cover pool that secures the covered bond. The cover pool shall be immediately and automatically released to and held by the estate free and clear of any right, title, interest, or claim of the issuer or any conservator, receiver, liquidating agent,

created for each affected covered bond program.

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or trustee in bankruptcy for the issuer or any other assets of the issuer. The estate shall be fully liable on the covered bond and all other covered bonds and related obligations of the issuer (including obligations under related derivative transactions) that are secured by a perfected security interest in or other lien on the cover pool when the estate is created. The estate shall not be liable on any obligation of the issuer that is not secured by a perfected security interest in or other lien on the cover pool when the estate is created. No conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy for the issuer may charge or assess the estate for any claim of the conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy or the conservatorship, receivership, liquidating agency, or estate in bankruptcy and may not obtain or perfect a security interest in or other lien on the cover pool to secure such a claim.

(3) RETENTION OF CLAIMS.—Any holder of a covered bond or related obligation for which an estate has become liable under paragraph (2) shall retain a claim against the issuer for any deficiency with respect to the covered bond or related obligation.

(4) Residual interest.—

1	(A) Issuance of residual interest.—
2	Upon the creation of an estate under paragraph
3	(1), a residual interest in the estate shall be im-
4	mediately and automatically issued by operation
5	of law to the issuer.
6	(B) Nature of residual interest.—
7	The residual interest under subparagraph (A)
8	shall—
9	(i) be an exempted security as de-
10	scribed in section 5;
11	(ii) represent the right to any surplus
12	from the cover pool after the covered bonds
13	and all other liabilities of the estate have
14	been fully and irrevocably paid; and
15	(iii) be evidenced by a certificate exe-
16	cuted by the trustee of the estate.
17	(5) Obligations of issuer.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—After the creation of an
19	estate under paragraph (1), the issuer shall—
20	(i) transfer to or at the direction of
21	the trustee for the estate all property of
22	the estate that is in the possession or
23	under the control of the issuer, including
24	all tangible or electronic books, records,
25	files, and other documents or materials re-

1	lating to the assets and liabilities of the es-
2	tate; and
3	(ii) at the election of the trustee or a
4	servicer or administrator for the estate,
5	continue servicing the applicable cover pool
6	for 120 days after the creation of the es-
7	tate in return for a fair-market-value fee,
8	as determined by the trustee in consulta-
9	tion with the applicable covered bond regu-
10	lator, that shall be payable from the estate
11	as an administrative expense.
12	(B) Obligations absolute.—Neither
13	the issuer, whether acting as debtor in posses-
14	sion or in any other capacity, nor any conser-
15	vator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in
16	bankruptcy for the issuer or any other assets of
17	the issuer may disaffirm, repudiate, or reject
18	the obligation to turn over property or to con-
19	tinue servicing the cover pool as provided in
20	subparagraph (A).
21	(e) Default on Covered Bonds Upon Con-
22	SERVATORSHIP, RECEIVERSHIP, LIQUIDATION, OR BANK-
23	RUPTCY.—
24	(1) Corporation conservatorship or re-
25	CEIVERSHIP.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—If the Corporation is appointed as conservator or receiver for an issuer of covered bonds before an uncured default results in the creation of an estate under subsection (b), the Corporation as conservator or receiver shall have an exclusive right, during the 180-day period beginning on the date of the appointment, to transfer any cover pool owned by the issuer in its entirety, together with all covered bonds and related obligations that are secured by a perfected security interest in or other lien on the cover pool, to another eligible issuer that meets all conditions and requirements specified in the related transaction documents.

(B) Obligations during 180-day period described in subparagraph (A), the Corporation as conservator or receiver shall fully and timely satisfy all monetary and nonmonetary obligations of the issuer under all covered bonds and the related transaction documents and shall fully and timely cure all defaults by the issuer (other than its conservatorship or receivership) under

1	the applicable covered bond program, in each
2	case, until the earlier of—
3	(i) the transfer of the applicable cov-
4	ered bond program to another eligible
5	issuer as provided in subparagraph (A); or
6	(ii) the delivery to the Secretary, the
7	applicable covered bond regulator, the ap-
8	plicable indenture trustee, and the applica-
9	ble covered bondholders of a written notice
10	from the Corporation as conservator or re-
11	ceiver electing to cease further perform-
12	ance under the applicable covered bond
13	program.
14	(C) Assumption by Transferee.—If the
15	Corporation as conservator or receiver transfers
16	a covered bond program to another eligible
17	issuer within the 180-day period as provided in
18	subparagraph (A), the transferee shall take
19	ownership of the applicable cover pool and shall
20	become fully liable on all covered bonds and re-
21	lated obligations of the issuer that are secured
22	by a perfected security interest in or other lien
23	on the cover pool.
24	(2) OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES.—An estate shall
25	be immediately and automatically created by oper-

1	ation of law and shall exist and be administered sep-
2	arate and apart from an issuer of covered bonds and
3	any conservatorship, receivership, liquidating agency,
4	or estate in bankruptcy for the issuer or any other
5	assets of the issuer, if—
6	(A) a conservator, receiver, liquidating
7	agent, or trustee in bankruptcy, other than the
8	Corporation, is appointed for the issuer before
9	an uncured default results in the creation of an
10	estate under subsection (b); or
11	(B) in the case of the appointment of the
12	Corporation as conservator or receiver as de-
13	scribed in paragraph (1)(A), the Corporation as
14	conservator or receiver—
15	(i) does not complete the transfer of
16	the applicable covered bond program to an-
17	other eligible issuer within the 180-day pe-
18	riod as provided in paragraph (1)(A);
19	(ii) delivers to the Secretary, the ap-
20	plicable covered bond regulator, the appli-
21	cable indenture trustee, and the applicable
22	covered bondholders a written notice elect-
23	ing to cease further performance under the
24	applicable covered bond program; or

(iii) fails to fully and timely satisfy all monetary and nonmonetary obligations of the issuer under the covered bonds and the related transaction documents or to fully and timely cure all defaults by the issuer (other than its conservatorship or receivership) under the applicable covered bond program.

A separate estate shall be created for each affected covered bond program.

(3) Assets and liabilities of estate.—Any estate created under paragraph (2) shall be comprised of the cover pool that secures the covered bonds. The cover pool shall be immediately and automatically released to and held by the estate free and clear of any right, title, interest, or claim of the issuer or any conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy for the issuer or any other assets of the issuer. The estate shall be fully liable on the covered bonds and all other covered bonds and related obligations of the issuer (including obligations under related derivative transactions) that are secured by a perfected security interest in or other lien on the cover pool when the estate is created. The estate shall not be liable on any obligation

of the issuer that is not secured by a perfected security interest in or other lien on the cover pool when the estate is created. No conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy for the issuer may charge or assess the estate for any claim of the conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy or the conservatorship, receivership, liquidating agency, or estate in bankruptcy and may not obtain or perfect a security interest in or other lien on the cover pool to secure such a claim.

(4) Contingent claim.—Any contingent claim against an issuer for a deficiency with respect to a covered bond or related obligation for which an estate has become liable under paragraph (3) shall be allowed as a provable claim in the conservatorship, receivership, liquidating agency, or bankruptcy case for the issuer. The contingent claim shall be estimated by the conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or bankruptcy court for purposes of allowing the claim as a provable claim if awaiting the fixing of the contingent claim would unduly delay the resolution of the conservatorship, receivership, liquidating agency, or bankruptcy case.

(5) Residual interest.—

1	(A) Issuance of residual interest.—
2	Upon the creation of an estate under paragraph
3	(2), and regardless of whether any contingent
4	claim described in paragraph (4) becomes fixed
5	or is estimated, a residual interest in the estate
6	shall be immediately and automatically issued
7	by operation of law to the conservator, receiver,
8	liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy for
9	the issuer.
10	(B) Nature of residual interest.—
11	The residual interest under subparagraph (A)
12	shall—
13	(i) be an exempted security as de-
14	scribed in section 5;
15	(ii) represent the right to any surplus
16	from the cover pool after the covered bonds
17	and all other liabilities of the estate have
18	been fully and irrevocably paid; and
19	(iii) be evidenced by a certificate exe-
20	cuted by the trustee of the estate.
21	(6) Obligations of issuer.—
22	(A) IN GENERAL.—After the creation of an
23	estate under paragraph (2), the issuer and its
24	conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or
25	trustee in bankruptcy shall—

(i) transfer to or at the direction of the trustee for the estate all property of the estate that is in the possession or under the control of the issuer or its conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy, including all tan-gible or electronic books, records, files, and other documents or materials relating to the assets and liabilities of the estate; and

(ii) at the election of the trustee or a servicer or administrator for the estate, continue servicing the applicable cover pool for 120 days after the creation of the estate in return for a fair-market-value fee, as determined by the trustee in consultation with the applicable covered bond regulator, that shall be payable from the estate as an administrative expense.

(B) Obligations absolute.—Neither the issuer, whether acting as debtor in possession or in any other capacity, nor any conservator, receiver, liquidating agent, or trustee in bankruptcy for the issuer or any other assets of the issuer may disaffirm, repudiate, or reject the obligation to turn over property or to con-

1	tinue servicing the cover pool as provided in
2	subparagraph (A).
3	(d) Administration and Resolution of Es-
4	TATES.—
5	(1) Trustee, servicer, and adminis-
6	TRATOR.—
7	(A) In general.—Upon the creation of
8	any estate under subsection $(b)(1)$ or $(c)(2)$, the
9	applicable covered bond regulator shall—
10	(i) act as or appoint the trustee for
11	the estate;
12	(ii) appoint 1 or more servicers or ad-
13	ministrators for the cover pool held by the
14	estate; and
15	(iii) give the Secretary, the applicable
16	indenture trustee, the applicable covered
17	bondholders, and the owner of the residual
18	interest written notice of the creation of
19	the estate.
20	(B) Terms and conditions of appoint-
21	MENT.—All terms and conditions of any ap-
22	pointment under paragraph (1), including the
23	terms and conditions relating to compensation,
24	shall conform to the requirements of this Act
25	and the oversight program and otherwise shall

be determined by the applicable covered bond regulator.

- ered bond regulator may require the trustee or any servicer or administrator for an estate to post in favor of the United States, for the benefit of the estate, a bond that is conditioned on the faithful performance of the duties of the trustee or the servicer or administrator. The covered bond regulator shall determine the amount of any bond required under this subparagraph and the sufficiency of the surety on the bond. A proceeding on a bond required under this subparagraph may not be commenced after two years after the date on which the trustee or the servicer or administrator was discharged.
- (D) Powers and duties of trustee.—
 The trustee for an estate is the representative of the estate and, subject to the provisions of this Act, has capacity to sue and be sued. The trustee shall—
 - (i) administer the estate in compliance with this Act, the oversight program, and the related transaction documents;

1	(ii) be accountable for all property of
2	the estate that is received by the trustee;
3	(iii) make a final report and file a
4	final account of the administration of the
5	estate with the applicable covered bond
6	regulator; and
7	(iv) after the estate has been fully ad-
8	ministered, close the estate.
9	(E) Powers and duties of servicer or
10	ADMINISTRATOR.—Any servicer or adminis-
11	trator for an estate—
12	(i) shall—
13	(I) collect, realize on (by liquida-
14	tion or other means), and otherwise
15	manage the cover pool held by the es-
16	tate in compliance with this Act, the
17	oversight program, and the related
18	transaction documents and in a man-
19	ner consistent with maximizing the
20	value and the proceeds of the cover
21	pool;
22	(II) deposit or invest all proceeds
23	and funds received in compliance with
24	this Act, the oversight program, and
25	the related transaction documents and

in a manner consistent wi	th maxi-
2 mizing the net return to the	ne estate,
3 taking into account the safe	ty of the
4 deposit or investment; and	
5 (III) apply, or direct th	ie trustee
for the estate to apply, all	proceeds
7 and funds received and the n	et return
8 on any deposit or investment	to make
9 distributions in compliance w	ith para-
0 graphs (3) and (4);	
1 (ii) may borrow funds or other	erwise ob-
2 tain credit, for the benefit of the	estate, in
3 compliance with paragraph (2)	on a se-
4 cured or unsecured basis and on a	a priority,
5 pari passu, or subordinated basis;	
6 (iii) shall, at the times an	d in the
7 manner required by the applicabl	e covered
8 bond regulator, submit to the cover	ered bond
9 regulator, the Secretary, the appl	icable in-
0 denture trustee, the applicable	covered
1 bondholders, the owner of the res	sidual in-
2 terest, and any other person designation	gnated by
3 the covered bond regulator, rep	orts that
describe the activities of the service	er or ad-
5 ministrator on behalf of the es	state, the

performance of the cover pool held by the estate, and distributions made by the estate; and

- (iv) shall assist the trustee in preparing the final report and the final account of the administration of the estate.
- (F) Supervision of trustee, servicer, and administrator.—The applicable covered bond regulator shall supervise the trustee and any servicer or administrator for an estate. The covered bond regulator shall require that all reports submitted under subparagraph (E)(iii) do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact and do not omit to state a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading.
- (G) REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT OF TRUSTEE, SERVICER, AND ADMINISTRATOR.—If the covered bond regulator determines that it is in the best interests of an estate, the covered bond regulator may remove or replace the trustee or any servicer or administrator for the estate. The removal of the trustee or any servicer or administrator does not abate any pending ac-

tion or proceeding involving the estate, and any successor or other trustee, servicer, or administrator shall be substituted as a party in the action or proceeding.

- (H) Professionals.—The trustee or any servicer or administrator for an estate may employ 1 or more attorneys, accountants, appraisers, auctioneers, or other professional persons to represent or assist the trustee or the servicer or administrator in carrying out its duties. The employment of any professional person and all terms and conditions of employment, including the terms and conditions relating to compensation, shall conform to the requirements of this Act and the oversight program and otherwise shall be subject to the approval of the applicable covered bond regulator.
- (I) Approved fees and expenses.—Unless otherwise provided in the applicable terms and conditions of appointment or employment, all approved fees and expenses of the trustee, any servicer or administrator, or any professional person employed by the trustee or any servicer or administrator shall be payable from the estate as administrative expenses.

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(J) Actions by or on behalf of estate.—The trustee or any servicer or administrator for an estate may commence or continue judicial, administrative, or other actions, in the name of the estate or in its own name on behalf of the estate, for the purpose of collecting, realizing on, or otherwise managing the cover pool held by the estate or exercising its other powers or duties on behalf of the estate.

(K) ACTIONS AGAINST ESTATE.—No court may issue an attachment or execution on any property of an estate. Except at the request of the applicable covered bond regulator or as otherwise provided in this subparagraph or subparagraph (J), no court may take any action to restrain or affect the resolution of an estate under this Act. No person (including the applicable indenture trustee and any applicable covered bondholder) may commence or continue any judicial, administrative, or other action against the estate, the trustee, or any servicer or administrator or take any other act to affect the estate, the trustee, or any servicer or administrator that is not expressly permitted by this Act, the oversight program, and the related

1	transaction documents, except for a judicial or
2	administrative action to compel the release of
3	funds that—
4	(i) are available to the estate;
5	(ii) are permitted to be distributed
6	under this Act and the oversight program;
7	and
8	(iii) are permitted and required to be
9	distributed under the related transaction
10	documents and any contracts executed by
11	or on behalf of the estate.
12	(L) Sovereign immunity.—Except in
13	connection with a guarantee provided under
14	paragraph (4) or any other contract executed
15	by the applicable covered bond regulator under
16	this section 4, the Secretary and the covered
17	bond regulator shall be entitled to sovereign im-
18	munity in carrying out the provisions of this
19	Act.
20	(2) Borrowings and credit.—
21	(A) In general.—Any servicer or admin-
22	istrator for an estate created under subsection
23	(b)(1) or (c)(2) may borrow funds or otherwise
24	obtain credit, on behalf of and for the benefit
25	of the estate, from any person in compliance

with this paragraph (2) solely for the purpose of providing liquidity in the case of timing mismatches among the assets and the liabilities of the estate. Except with respect to an underwriter, section 5 of the Securities Act of 1933, the Trust Indenture Act of 1939, and any State or local law requiring registration for an offer or sale of a security or registration or licensing of an issuer of, underwriter of, or broker or dealer in a security does not apply to the offer or sale under this paragraph (2) of a security that is not an equity security.

- (B) Conditions.—A servicer or administrator may borrow funds or otherwise obtain credit under subparagraph (A)—
 - (i) on terms affording the lender only claims or liens that are fully subordinated to the claims and interests of the applicable indenture trustee and the applicable covered bondholders and all other claims against and interests in the estate, except for the residual interest, if the servicer or administrator certifies to the applicable covered bond regulator that, in the business judgment of the servicer or adminis-

1	trator, the borrowing or credit is in the
2	best interests of the estate and is expected
3	to maximize the value and the proceeds of
4	the cover pool held by the estate; or
5	(ii) on terms affording the lender
6	claims or liens that have priority over or
7	are pari passu with the claims or interests
8	of the applicable indenture trustee or the
9	applicable covered bondholders or other
10	claims against or interests in the estate,
11	if—
12	(I) the servicer or administrator
13	certifies to the applicable covered
14	bond regulator that, in the business
15	judgment of the servicer or adminis-
16	trator, the borrowing or credit is in
17	the best interests of the estate and is
18	expected to maximize the value and
19	the proceeds of the cover pool held by
20	the estate; and
21	(II) the applicable covered bond
22	regulator authorizes the borrowing or
23	credit.
24	(C) LIMITED LIABILITY.—A servicer or ad-
25	ministrator shall not be liable for any error in

business judgment when borrowing funds or otherwise obtaining credit under this paragraph (2) unless the servicer or administrator acted in bad faith or in willful disregard of its duties.

> (D) STUDY ON BORROWINGS AND CRED-IT.—The Comptroller General of the United States shall conduct a study on whether the Federal reserve banks should be authorized to lend funds or otherwise extend credit to an estate under this paragraph (2) and, if so, what conditions and limits should be established to mitigate any risk that the United States Government could absorb credit losses on the cover pool held by the estate. The Comptroller General shall submit a report to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate and the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives on the results of the study not later than 6 months after the date of enactment of this Act.

(3) DISTRIBUTIONS BY ESTATE.—All payments or other distributions by an estate shall be made at the times, in the amounts, and in the manner set forth in the covered bonds, the related transaction documents, and any contracts executed by or on be-

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1	half of the estate in compliance with this Act and
2	the oversight program. To the extent that the rel-
3	ative priority of the liabilities of the estate are not
4	specified in or otherwise ascertainable from their
5	terms, distributions shall be made on each distribu-
6	tion date under the covered bonds, the related trans-
7	action documents, or any contracts executed by or
8	on behalf of the estate—
9	(A) first, to pay accrued and unpaid super-
10	priority claims under paragraph (2)(B)(ii);
11	(B) second, to pay accrued and unpaid ad-
12	ministrative expense claims under paragraph
13	(1)(I), paragraph $(2)(B)(ii)$, section $4(b)(5)(A)$,
14	or section $4(c)(6)(A)$;
15	(C) third, to pay—
16	(i) accrued and unpaid claims under
17	the covered bonds and the related trans-
18	action documents according to their terms;
19	and
20	(ii) accrued and unpaid pari passu
21	claims under paragraph (2)(B)(ii); and
22	(D) fourth, to pay accrued and unpaid
23	subordinated claims under paragraph (2)(B)(i).
24	(4) Distributions on residual interest.—
25	After all other claims against and interests in an es-

tate have been fully and irrevocably paid or defeased, the trustee shall or shall cause a servicer or administrator to distribute the remainder of the estate to or at the direction of the owner of the residual interest. No interim distribution on the residual interest may be made before that time, unless the applicable covered bond regulator—

- (A) approves the distribution after determining that all other claims against and interests in the estate will be fully, timely, and irrevocably paid according to their terms; and
- (B) provides a guarantee, for the benefit of the estate, that all other claims against and interests in the estate will be fully, timely, and irrevocably paid according to their terms.
- (5) CLOSING OF ESTATE.—After an estate has been fully administered, the trustee shall close the estate and, except as otherwise directed by the applicable covered bond regulator, shall destroy all records of the estate.
- (6) No loss to taxpayers.—Taxpayers shall bear no losses from the resolution of an estate under this Act. To the extent that the Secretary and the Corporation jointly determine that the Deposit Insurance Fund incurred actual losses that are higher

- 1 because the covered bond program of an insured de-
- 2 pository institution was subject to resolution under
- 3 this Act rather than as part of the receivership of
- 4 the institution under the Federal Deposit Insurance
- 5 Act (12 U.S.C. 1811 et seq.), the Corporation may
- 6 recover an amount equal to those losses through an
- 7 increase in deposit insurance assessments on insured
- 8 depository institutions with approved covered bond
- 9 programs.

10 SEC. 5. SECURITIES LAW PROVISIONS.

- 11 (a) Covered Bonds Issued or Guaranteed by
- 12 Banks.—Any covered bond issued or guaranteed by a
- 13 bank is and shall be treated as a security issued or guar-
- 14 anteed by a bank under section 3(a)(2) of the Securities
- 15 Act of 1933, section 3(c)(3) of the Investment Company
- 16 Act of 1940, and section 304(a)(4)(A) of the Trust Inden-
- 17 ture Act of 1939. No covered bond issued or guaranteed
- 18 by a bank is or shall be treated as an asset-backed security
- 19 (as defined in section 3 of the Securities and Exchange
- 20 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78c)).
- 21 (b) Exemptions for Estates.—Any estate that is
- 22 or may be created under section 4(b)(1) or 4(c)(2) shall
- 23 be exempt from all securities laws but—

1 (1) shall be subject to the reporting require-2 ments established by the applicable covered bond 3 regulator under section 4(d)(1)(E)(iii); and 4 (2) shall succeed to any requirement of the 5 issuer to file such periodic information, documents, 6 and reports in respect of the covered bonds as speci-7 fied in section 13(a) of the Securities and Exchange 8 Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78m(a)) or rules established 9 by an appropriate Federal banking agency. 10 (c) Exemptions for Residual Interests.—Any residual interest in an estate that is or may be created 12 under section 4(b)(1) or 4(c)(2) shall be exempt from all securities laws. 13 14 SEC. 6. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS. (a) Domestic Securities.—Section 106(a)(1) of 15 the Secondary Mortgage Market Enhancement Act of 16 1984 (15 U.S.C. 77r-1(a)(1)) is amended— 18 (1) in subparagraph (C), by striking "or" at 19 the end; (2) in subparagraph (D), by adding "or" at the 20 21 end; and 22 (3) by inserting after subparagraph (D) the fol-23 lowing:

- 1 "(E) covered bonds (as defined in section 2 2 of the United States Covered Bond Act of 2011),". 3 4 (b) No Tax Implications.—Any estate created 5 under section 4(b)(1) or 4(c)(2) shall not be treated as an entity subject to taxation separate from the owner of 6 the residual interest for purposes of the Internal Revenue 8 Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), including by reason of the taxable mortgage pool provisions of section 7701(i) 10 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 7701(i)), but instead shall be treated as a disregarded entity that is owned by the owner of the residual interest for such purposes as described in applicable regulations of the Secretary, as in effect on the date of the enactment of this Act. No transfer or assumption of any asset or liability to or by an estate or an eligible issuer under section 4(b) or 4(c) shall cause or constitute an event in which gain or loss shall be recognized under section 1001 of the Inter-18 19 nal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 1001).
- 20 (c) Real Estate Mortgage Investment Con-
- 21 DUITS.—Section 860G(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code
- 22 of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 860G(a)(3)) is amended—
- 23 (1) in subparagraph (B), by striking "and" at
- 24 the end;

- 1 (2) in subparagraph (C), by striking the period 2 and inserting ", and"; and
- 3 (3) by inserting after subparagraph (C) the following:
- "(D) covered bonds that are secured by eli
 gible assets from the residential mortgage asset

 class, the home equity asset class, or the commercial mortgage asset class, as such terms are

 defined in section 2 of the United States Covered Bond Act of 2011.".
- 11 (d) Real Estate Investment Trusts.—To the ex-12 tent provided by regulations that may be promulgated by 13 the Secretary, a covered bond described in section 14 860G(a)(3)(D) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26) 15 U.S.C. 860G(a)(3)(D), as amended by this section 6, shall be treated as a real estate asset in the same manner 16 17 as a regular interest in a REMIC for purposes of section 856(c)(5)(E) of such Code (26 U.S.C. 856(c)(5)(E)). 18
- 19 (e) Investment Treatment for Tax Pur-20 poses.—The acquisition of any covered bond shall be 21 treated as an acquisition of an investment security, and 22 not as an acquisition of an interest in a loan or otherwise 23 as a lending transaction, for purposes of determining the 24 character of any related trade or business activity of the

- 1 acquirer or any asset held by the acquirer under the Inter-
- 2 nal Revenue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.).
- 3 (f) State and Local Taxes.—The Secretary may
- 4 promulgate regulations under this Act that are similar to
- 5 the provisions of section 346 of title 11, United States
- 6 Code, including regulations to provide that—
- 7 (1) if an estate created under section 4(b)(1) or
- 8 4(c)(2) is not treated as an entity subject to tax-
- 9 ation separate from the owner of the residual inter-
- est for purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 11 1986 (26 U.S.C. 1 et seq.), no separate taxable enti-
- ty shall be created with respect to the estate for pur-
- poses of any State or local law imposing a tax on
- or measured by income; and
- 15 (2) if a transfer or assumption of an asset or
- liability to or by an estate or an eligible issuer under
- section 4(b) or 4(c) does not cause or constitute an
- event in which gain or loss is recognized under sec-
- tion 1001 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (26
- 20 U.S.C. 1001), the transfer or assumption shall not
- cause or constitute a disposition for purposes of any
- provision assigning tax consequences to a disposition
- in connection with any State or local law imposing
- a tax on or measured by income.

- 1 (g) No Conflict.—The provisions of this Act shall
- 2 apply, notwithstanding any provision of the Federal De-
- 3 posit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811 et seq.), title 11,
- 4 United States Code, title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall
- 5 Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C.
- 6 5381 et seq.), or any other provision of Federal law with
- 7 respect to conservatorship, receivership, liquidation, or
- 8 bankruptcy. No provision of the Federal Deposit Insur-
- 9 ance Act (12 U.S.C. 1811 et seq.), title 11, United States
- 10 Code, title II of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and
- 11 Consumer Protection Act (12 U.S.C. 5381 et seq.), or any
- 12 other provision of Federal law with respect to conservator-
- 13 ship, receivership, liquidation, or bankruptcy may be con-
- 14 strued or applied in a manner that defeats or interferes
- 15 with the purpose or operation of this Act.

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